

STEP

energy services

TSX STEP

Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2020

STEP ENERGY SERVICES LTD.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at			March 31,	December 31,
Unaudited (in thousands of Canadian dollars)	Notes		2020	2019
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	36,875	\$ 7,267
Trade and other receivables	14		143,391	104,723
Income tax receivable			8,320	8,702
Inventory	3		27,384	28,402
Prepaid expenses and deposits			6,253	8,418
Assets held for sale	4		1,480	1,364
			223,703	158,876
Property and equipment	5,6		452,899	507,045
Right-of-use assets			19,710	18,793
Intangible assets			1,280	1,325
		\$	697,592	\$ 686,039
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current Liabilities				
Trade and other payables	14	\$	107,507	\$ 77,065
Income tax payable	14		435	86
Current portion of lease obligations			9,679	9,569
			117,621	86,720
Deferred tax liabilities			12,447	29,015
Lease obligations			10,596	9,452
Other liabilities	10		160	611
Loans and borrowings	7		264,508	237,418
			405,332	363,216
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	9		429,060	428,817
Contributed surplus			32,634	32,198
Accumulated other comprehensive income			26,813	5,852
Deficit			(196,247)	(144,044)
			292,260	322,823
		\$	697,592	\$ 686,039

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

Note 2 – Future Operations

Note 8 – Commitments

Note 15 – Contingencies and Provisions

Note 17 – Subsequent Event

STEP ENERGY SERVICES LTD.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF NET LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

For the three months ended March 31, Unaudited (in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)	Notes	2020	2019
Revenue		\$ 194,369	\$ 176,469
Operating expenses	12	188,052	167,339
Gross profit		6,317	9,130
Selling, general and administrative expenses	12	9,588	8,843
Results from operating activities		(3,271)	287
Finance costs	13	4,460	3,253
Foreign exchange (gain) loss		2,617	(1,265)
Gain on disposal of property and equipment		(830)	(672)
Amortization of intangible assets		128	1,774
Foreign exchange forward contract loss		-	383
Impairment of property and equipment	5,6	58,750	-
Loss before income tax		(68,396)	(3,186)
Income tax expense (recovery)			
Current		1,077	1,283
Deferred		(17,270)	(3,867)
		(16,193)	(2,584)
Net loss		(52,203)	(602)
Other comprehensive (loss) income			
Foreign currency translation gain (loss)		20,961	(8,793)
Total comprehensive loss		\$ (31,242)	\$ (9,395)
Loss per share:			
Basic	11	\$ (0.78)	\$ (0.01)
Diluted	11	\$ (0.78)	\$ (0.01)

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

STEP ENERGY SERVICES LTD.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Unaudited (in thousands of Canadian dollars)	Notes	Share capital	Contributed surplus	Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	Retained earnings (deficit)	Total
Balance at January 1, 2019		\$ 426,494	\$ 29,447	\$ 22,670	\$ (7)	\$ 478,604
Impact of change in accounting policy		-	-	-	(154)	(154)
Net loss for the period		-	-	-	(602)	(602)
Foreign currency translation loss		-	-	(8,793)	-	(8,793)
Share-based compensation	10	-	1,180	-	-	1,180
Exercise of equity share-based compensation	9,10	275	(275)	-	-	-
Balance at March 31, 2019		\$ 426,769	\$ 30,352	\$ 13,877	\$ (763)	\$ 470,235
Balance at January 1, 2020		\$ 428,817	\$ 32,198	\$ 5,852	\$ (144,044)	\$ 322,823
Net loss for the period		-	-	-	(52,203)	(52,203)
Foreign currency translation loss		-	-	20,961	-	20,961
Share-based compensation	10	-	679	-	-	679
Exercise of equity share-based compensation	9,10	243	(243)	-	-	-
Balance at March 31, 2020		\$ 429,060	\$ 32,634	\$ 26,813	\$ (196,247)	\$ 292,260

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

STEP ENERGY SERVICES LTD.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the three months ended March 31,				
Unaudited (in thousands of Canadian dollars)	Notes	2020		2019
Operating activities:				
Net loss		\$ (52,203)	\$	(602)
Adjusted for the following:				
Depreciation and amortization	5	27,141		26,841
Share-based compensation	10	(940)		1,263
Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain)		2,328		(1,562)
Gain on disposal of property and equipment		(830)		(672)
Foreign exchange forward contract loss		-		383
Impairment of property and equipment	5,6	58,750		-
Finance costs	13	4,460		3,253
Income tax recovery		(16,193)		(2,584)
Cash finance costs paid		(5,416)		(5,315)
Income taxes paid		(15)		(4,014)
Changes in non-cash working capital from operating activities		252		(225)
Net cash provided by operating activities		17,334		16,766
Investing activities:				
Purchase of property and equipment	5	(11,694)		(10,347)
Proceeds from disposal of equipment and vehicles		2,537		679
Changes in non-cash working capital from investing activities		(2,246)		(276)
Net cash used in investing activities		(11,403)		(9,944)
Financing activities:				
Issuance of loans and borrowings	7	24,627		1,799
Repayment of obligations under finance lease		(1,846)		(1,752)
Settlement of foreign exchange forward contracts		-		(338)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		22,781		(291)
Impact of exchange rate changes on cash		896		145
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		29,608		6,676
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		7,267		364
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		\$ 36,875	\$	7,040

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements

STEP ENERGY SERVICES LTD.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements (unaudited)

As at and for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019.

Tabular amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except where otherwise noted.

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF BUSINESS AND BASIS OF PREPARATION

STEP Energy Services Ltd. (the “Company”, “STEP Energy Services” or “STEP”) is a publicly traded company domiciled in Canada, incorporated under the laws of the Province of Alberta on March 25, 2011 and is listed under the symbol “STEP” on the Toronto Stock Exchange. The registered office of the Company is 4300, 888 - 3rd Street SW, Calgary, Alberta T2P 5C5 and the principal place of business is 1200, 205-5th Ave SW, Calgary, Alberta T2P 2V7. STEP provides specialized coiled tubing and associated pumping and fracturing equipment to service the oil and gas industry in Canada and the United States (“U.S.”).

Statement of Compliance

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company’s annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2019.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors (“Board”) on May 20, 2020.

Seasonality of operations

The Company’s Canadian business is seasonal in nature with the periods of greatest activity being in the first, third and fourth quarters, and the least activity tending to be in the second quarter because of spring break-up. Spring break-up typically occurs between March and June. The Company’s operating activities can also be affected by extended periods of adverse weather which can result in restrictions to the movement of heavy equipment. Activity in the southern United States is generally not as influenced by seasonal conditions.

Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements requires management to make certain estimates and judgments concerning the reported amount of revenue and expenses and the carrying values of assets and liabilities. These estimates are based on historical experience and management’s judgment. The estimation of anticipated future events involves uncertainty and therefore the estimates used by management in the preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements may change as events unfold, additional knowledge is acquired or the environment in which the Company operates changes.

NOVEL Coronavirus - COVID 19

During the three months ended March 31, 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic due to COVID-19. COVID-19 has resulted in extreme cautionary and containment measures on a global basis which has significantly impacted global demand for crude oil and natural gas. Additionally, the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (“OPEC”) and certain other countries implemented production capacity increases in an attempt to capture a greater share of global oil demand. The supply increases combined with COVID-19 demand decreases has resulted in substantial decreases in crude oil prices worldwide.

The combined impact of COVID-19 on the demand for oil and the OPEC+ supply pressures is materially reducing client spending and demand for STEP’s services. Even as countries around the world are slowly re-opening businesses, international borders remain closed and concerns continue regarding increasing oil and natural gas storage levels.

In addition, COVID-19 has created many uncertainties with respect to counterparty credit risk, compliance with bank covenants in forecasted periods, liquidity and the valuation of long-lived assets, valuation of inventory and right-of-use assets. At March 31, 2020, management has incorporated the anticipated impact of COVID-19 in estimates and judgments in the preparation of these financial statements to the extent known at this time. Outcomes that are different from assumptions used in estimates could require a material adjustment within the next financial year.

Changes in significant accounting policies

Except as described below, the same accounting policies and methods of computation were followed in preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements as were followed in the preparation of the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019.

IFRS 3 – Business Combinations

Amendments to IFRS 3 are effective as of January 1, 2020. The amendments narrow and clarify the definition of a business as an integrated set of activities and assets that are capable of being conducted and managed for the purpose of providing goods and services to customers, generating investment income or generating other income from ordinary activities. Additionally, in evaluating a business the amendments include an optional concentration test to permit a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business. STEP did not have any acquisitions requiring the application of this amendment.

NOTE 2 – FUTURE OPERATIONS

STEP's Future Operations

As at March 31, 2020, the Company was in compliance with all financial covenants on its bank credit facility. However, management's forecasts indicate a potential breach of its funded debt to adjusted bank EBITDA covenant and its adjusted bank EBITDA to interest coverage covenant within the next two quarters. Management forecasts may change materially as the impact of COVID-19 and OPEC+ supply pressures are better understood. A covenant violation would represent an event of default which would enable the lender to demand immediate repayment of all amounts due. As a result of these factors, there is a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt with respect to the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern.

The Company intends to seek relief from the syndicate of lenders to the Company's credit facilities. The Company has commenced discussions with its banking syndicate leads. No agreement has been reached as of the date of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements and therefore, there can be no assurance that such agreement will be reached.

Management has assessed the expected impacts of a prolonged downturn on liquidity and will continue to refine its expectations as the effects of the recent global events are better understood. Management has taken actions to mitigate these impacts, which have included reductions in Board of Directors' remuneration, employee headcount reductions, wage reductions for all employees, reduced maintenance capital in alignment with reductions in active equipment, reduced leased facilities costs where possible and the disposal of some non-core assets. The Company's March 31, 2020 working capital has improved to \$106.1 million from \$72.2 million at December 31, 2019. Assuming the Company is successful in obtaining covenant relief for any potential forecasted covenant violations, Management's forecasts also show the Company meeting all of its financial commitments including interest payments over the next twelve months.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which presumes the Company will continue its operations for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not reflect adjustments and classifications of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, which would be necessary if the Company were unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material.

NOTE 3 – INVENTORY

As at	March 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Coiled tubing	\$ 4,866	\$ 6,677
Sand and chemicals	6,905	8,217
Spare equipment and parts	15,613	13,508
Total Inventory	\$ 27,384	\$ 28,402

During the three months ended March 31, 2020, the Company incurred write-downs to net realizable value of \$0.1 million (March 31, 2019 –\$0.1 million) on certain coiled tubing strings.

NOTE 4 – ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

In the prior year, the Company committed to the sale of a certain group of assets. The Company classified these assets as held for sale at December 31, 2019 and upon classification measured them at the lower of their carrying amount and estimated fair value less costs to sell. The process to divest these assets remains ongoing at March 31, 2020.

NOTE 5 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Land and buildings	Vehicles	Field equipment	Office equipment	Total
Cost:					
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$ 37,819	\$ 29,017	\$ 689,370	\$ 8,029	\$ 764,235
Reclassification of opening right-of-use assets	-	(28,145)	-	-	(28,145)
Additions	865	-	47,473	723	49,061
Disposals	-	(199)	(5,053)	-	(5,252)
Reclassification of assets held for sale	(1,070)	-	(18,541)	(144)	(19,755)
Effect of exchange rate changes	(582)	(6)	(14,881)	(55)	(15,524)
Balance at December 31, 2019	37,032	667	698,368	8,553	744,620
Additions	141	-	11,513	40	11,694
Disposals	-	-	(4,287)	-	(4,287)
Effect of exchange rate changes	979	7	25,415	105	26,506
Balance at March 31, 2020	\$ 38,152	\$ 674	\$ 731,009	\$ 8,698	\$ 778,533
Accumulated depreciation:					
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$ 3,981	\$ 9,454	\$ 145,251	\$ 5,407	\$ 164,093
Reclassification of opening right-of-use assets	-	(8,631)	-	-	(8,631)
Depreciation	1,532	26	89,465	1,417	92,440
Disposals	-	(186)	(1,765)	-	(1,951)
Reclassification of assets held for sale	(256)	-	(4,677)	(64)	(4,997)
Effect of exchange rate changes	(45)	(6)	(3,334)	6	(3,379)
Balance at December 31, 2019	5,212	657	224,940	6,766	237,575
Depreciation	397	4	23,925	262	24,588
Impairment	1,635	-	57,115	-	58,750
Disposals	-	-	(2,484)	-	(2,484)
Effect of exchange rate changes	95	7	7,066	37	7,205
Balance at March 31, 2020	\$ 7,339	\$ 668	\$ 310,562	\$ 7,065	\$ 325,634
Carrying amounts:					
As at December 31, 2019	\$ 31,820	\$ 10	\$ 473,428	\$ 1,787	\$ 507,045
As at March 31, 2020	\$ 30,813	\$ 6	\$ 420,447	\$ 1,633	\$ 452,899

(1) The Company reclassified prior year leased assets as right-of-use assets effective January 1, 2019 in accordance with the adoption of IFRS 16.

Included in field equipment at March 31, 2020 were assets under construction of \$2.1 million (December 31, 2019 - \$9.9 million). Assets under construction are not depreciated until they are substantially complete and available for use.

During the three months ended March 31, 2020 the Company recognized an impairment expense of \$58.8 million related to buildings and field equipment. See Note 6 for further discussion on the Company's impairment tests.

NOTE 6 – IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT OF LONG-LIVED ASSETS

IAS 36 requires the Company to review the carrying values of its long-lived assets at each reporting period for indicators of impairment. STEP has identified four cash generating units (“CGUs”): Canadian Coiled Tubing, Canadian Fracturing, U.S. Coiled Tubing and U.S. Fracturing.

During the three months ended March 31, 2020, the Company identified indicators of impairment in all CGUs which included significant decreases in oil demand due to the COVID-19 outbreak, as well as geopolitical uncertainty regarding international cooperation on oil production cuts (see Note 1 – NOVEL Coronavirus – COVID 19 and Note 2 – Future Operations). Accordingly, impairment tests were conducted for all four CGUs.

The recoverable amounts of the CGUs were determined using the value in use method, based on multi-year discounted cash flows to be generated from continuing operations. Cash flow assumptions were based on a combination of expected future results, including management’s best estimates of asset utilization, pricing for available equipment, costs to maintain that equipment and a post-tax discount rate of 15.4% (pre-tax 18.8%) for all CGUs. Discount rates were calculated using the Company’s weighted-average cost of capital. A terminal growth rate of 2.0% was applied for cash flows beyond 2025.

A comparison of the recoverable amounts of each CGU with their respective carrying amounts resulted in an impairment charge in the Canadian Fracturing CGU against property and equipment of \$58.8 million for the period ended March 31, 2020. The recoverable amount for the Canadian Fracturing CGU was determined to be \$168.0 million. A post-tax discount rate of 12.7% would have caused the recoverable amount of the Canadian Fracturing CGU to be equal to its carrying value.

Assumptions that are valid at the time of preparing the impairment test may change significantly when new information becomes available. The Company will continue to monitor and update its assumptions and estimates with respect to impairment on an ongoing basis.

A 1% increase in the discount rate in the Canadian Fracturing CGU would have resulted in an additional impairment loss of \$16.1 million. A 1% increase in the discount rate in the US Fracturing CGU would have resulted in an additional impairment loss of \$5.6 million. Increasing the discount rate by 1% would not cause the carrying amount to exceed the recoverable amount for the Canadian Coiled Tubing or U.S. Coiled Tubing CGUs.

NOTE 7 – LOANS AND BORROWINGS

At March 31, 2020, the Company has a borrowing agreement with a syndicate of financial institutions. The Company's agreement is comprised of operating facilities and a revolving facility (together the "Credit Facilities"). The Credit Facilities mature on June 25, 2022 and include a Canadian \$313.3 million revolving credit facility, a Canadian \$10.0 million operating facility and a U.S. \$20.0 million operating facility. The maturity date of the Credit Facilities may be extended for an additional period of up to three years with syndicate approval. The Credit Facilities include a general security agreement providing a security interest over all present and after acquired personal property of the Company and all of its subsidiaries including mortgages on certain properties. An equity cure is available for the purposes of determining compliance with the Funded debt to Adjusted bank EBITDA ratio. The equity cure is available for use up to two times, in non-consecutive quarters. Each use of the equity cure is limited to \$25.0 million from the issuance of equity securities and must be utilized to repay borrowings under the Credit Facilities. Under the Credit Facilities, any current and future leases that would have been accounted for as an operating lease at December 31, 2018 will continue to be recognized as operating leases for purposes of calculating financial covenants.

The Credit Facilities includes certain financial and non-financial covenants, including:

- 1) Funded debt to Adjusted bank EBITDA ratio refers to the ratio of total outstanding interest-bearing debt including lease obligations and letters of credit less cash and cash equivalents held with approved financial institutions to earnings before interest, share-based compensation, non-recurring gains and losses on the sale of property and equipment, unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses, taxes, depreciation, amortization, impairment, unrealized foreign exchange forward contract (gain) loss and transaction costs, non-cash impairment charges, other non-cash charges, discretionary management bonuses ("Adjusted bank EBITDA") of the Company for the twelve preceding months. Also, realized foreign exchange (gain) loss is excluded from Adjusted bank EBITDA. The Company amended its required funded debt to adjusted bank EBITDA ratios on January 22, 2020. The Company is required to meet the following funded debt to adjusted bank EBITDA ratios:

Quarters Ended	Required Funded debt to Adjusted bank EBITDA ratio
March 31, 2020 to December 31, 2020	4.50:1 or less
March 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021	4.00:1 or less
September 30, 2021 and thereafter	3.00:1 or less

At March 31, 2020, the Funded debt to Adjusted bank EBITDA ratio was 3.33:1.00.

- 2) Interest coverage ratio refers to the ratio of Adjusted bank EBITDA to interest expense for the preceding twelve months. Interest expense includes interest charges, capitalized interest, interest on lease obligations, fees payable in respect of letters of credit and letters of guarantee, and discounts incurred and fees payable in respect of bankers' acceptance and LIBOR advances. Interest on lease obligations for current and future leases, which would have been accounted for as an operating lease at December 31, 2018 is not included in interest expense for purposes of calculating financial covenants. This ratio is not to fall below 3.00:1. At March 31, 2020, the Interest Coverage Ratio was 4.69:1.00.

The Company was in compliance with all financial covenants as at March 31, 2020. (see Note 2 – Future Operations)

Typical of facilities of this nature, the borrowing agreement contains a number of positive and negative covenants, which if breached, could result in an event of default. Given the unprecedented operating conditions currently being faced by the Company, continued compliance with these covenants is uncertain.

Interest is payable monthly, at the lead syndicate bank's prime lending rate plus 50 basis points to 300 basis points depending on certain financial ratios of the Company. The effective borrowing rate for loans and borrowings for the first quarter of 2020 was approximately 5.71%. At March 31, 2020, the full amount of the facility was available to be drawn on the Credit Facilities. The Company also had total outstanding letters of credit of \$1.8 million. The total amount of credit facilities outstanding at March 31, 2020 is as follows:

As at	March 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Credit facilities	\$ 267,671	\$ 239,819
Deferred financing	(3,163)	(2,401)
Loans and borrowings	\$ 264,508	\$ 237,418

The following table displays the movements in loans and borrowings during the three months ended March 31, 2020:

Balance at January 1, 2020	\$ 237,418
Issuance of loans and borrowings	24,627
Deferred financing incurred	(1,085)
Accretion of deferred financing charges	323
Unrealized foreign exchange gain	2,598
Foreign currency translation gain	627
Balance at March 31, 2020	\$ 264,508

NOTE 8 – COMMITMENTS

The following table summarizes the Company's estimated commitments that are not included in the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position related to leases as at March 31, 2020 for the following five years and thereafter:

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Thereafter	Total
Operating expenses for lease obligations ⁽¹⁾	\$ 1,008	\$ 1,335	\$ 1,286	\$ 1,280	\$ 217	\$ 246	\$ 5,372
Short term and low value lease obligations ⁽¹⁾	78	14	-	-	-	-	92
Total commitments	\$ 1,086	\$ 1,349	\$ 1,286	\$ 1,280	\$ 217	\$ 246	\$ 5,464

¹⁾ Includes U.S. obligations at an estimated forecast exchange rate of 1 USD = 1.40 CAD.

Operating expenses related to lease obligations relate to leases of certain service centers and office space with lease terms of between 1 years and 6 years. The total expense recognized during the three months ended March 31, 2020 for short term and low value lease obligations was \$0.4 million.

As at March 31, 2020, the Company has \$1.2 million (December 31, 2019 - \$0.9 million) of commitments related to capital expenditures. These commitments are expected to be incurred in fiscal 2020.

NOTE 9 – SHARE CAPITAL

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares. The shares have no par value. All issued shares are fully paid.

	Shares #	Amount
Balance at January 1, 2019	66,682,319	\$ 426,494
Issued – exercise of share-based instruments	260,511	2,323
Balance at December 31, 2019	66,942,830	428,817
Issued – exercise of share-based instruments	25,199	243
Balance at March 31, 2020	66,968,029	\$ 429,060

NOTE 10 – SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

Equity settled share-based instruments

	New stock options	Restricted share units	Performance share units	Prior stock options	Performance warrants	Total
Balance at January 1, 2019	201,987	770,574	505,316	3,749,728	8,160,788	13,388,393
Granted	1,971,489	-	-	-	-	1,971,489
Cancelled via performance factor	-	-	(13,129)	-	-	(13,129)
Exercised	-	(237,648)	(23,018)	-	-	(260,666)
Forfeited/Expired	(51,716)	(137,955)	-	(217,219)	(660,660)	(1,067,550)
Outstanding at December 31, 2019	2,121,760	394,971	469,169	3,532,509	7,500,128	14,018,537
Exercisable at December 31, 2019	67,329	-	-	3,513,380	5,944,918	9,525,627

	New stock options	Restricted share units	Performance share units	Prior stock options	Performance warrants	Total
Balance at January 1, 2020	2,121,760	394,971	469,169	3,532,509	7,500,128	14,018,537
Granted	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cancelled via performance factor	-	-	(14,959)	-	-	(14,959)
Exercised	-	(16,163)	(9,036)	-	-	(25,199)
Forfeited/Expired	(153,682)	(57,179)	-	(22,000)	(117,730)	(350,591)
Outstanding at March 31, 2020	1,968,078	321,629	445,174	3,510,509	7,382,398	13,627,788
Exercisable at March 31, 2020	67,329	-	-	3,510,509	5,918,518	9,496,356

Cash settled share-based instruments

	Deferred share units	Cash-settled RSUs	Cash-settled PSUs	Total
Balance at January 1, 2019	137,634	-	-	137,634
Granted	424,005	2,527,497	847,379	3,798,881
Exercised	(14,689)	-	-	(14,689)
Forfeited/Expired	-	(221,646)	-	(221,646)
Outstanding at December 31, 2019	546,950	2,305,851	847,379	3,700,180
Exercisable at December 31, 2019	-	-	-	-

	Deferred share units	Cash-settled RSUs	Cash-settled PSUs	Total
Balance at January 1, 2020	546,950	2,305,851	847,379	3,700,180
Granted	135,632	-	-	135,632
Exercised	-	-	-	-
Forfeited/Expired	-	(360,577)	-	(360,577)
Outstanding at March 31, 2020	682,582	1,945,274	847,379	3,475,235
Exercisable at March 31, 2020	-	-	-	-

The aggregate liability for all cash settled share-based instruments of \$0.6 million is included in the statement of financial position in trade and other payables and other liabilities. At each reporting date, between grant date and settlement date of cash settled share-based instruments, the fair value of the liability is re-measured with any changes in fair value recognized in net loss for the period.

Share-based compensation expense

The composition of share-based compensation expense incurred was:

Three months ended March 31,	2020	2019
Prior stock options	\$ 4	\$ (3)
New stock options	290	89
Performance warrants	36	(25)
Performance share units	290	459
Restricted share units	59	660
Cash-settled deferred share units	(645)	83
Cash-settled performance share units	(96)	-
Cash-settled restricted share units	(878)	-
Total share-based compensation expense	\$ (940)	\$ 1,263

NOTE 11 – PER SHARE COMPUTATIONS

Three months ended March 31,	2020	2019
Weighted average number of shares outstanding - basic	66,943,938	66,683,211
Dilutive impact of share-based compensation instruments	-	-
Weighted average number of shares outstanding - diluted	66,943,938	66,683,211

For the three months ended March 31, 2020, 3.5 million prior stock options, 7.4 million performance warrants, 2.0 million new stock options, 0.3 million restricted share units, and 0.4 million performance share units were excluded from the diluted weighted average number of shares calculation as their effect would have been anti-dilutive (March 31, 2019: 3.6 million prior stock options, 7.7 million performance warrants, 0.2 million new stock options, 0.7 million restricted share units, and 0.5 million performance share units).

NOTE 12 – PRESENTATION OF EXPENSES

Three months ended March 31,	2020	2019
Operating expenses		
Employee costs	\$ 53,610	\$ 51,837
Operating expense	42,141	37,648
Materials and inventory costs	65,946	52,492
	161,697	141,977
Depreciation	26,707	24,719
Share-based compensation	(352)	643
Total operating expenses	\$ 188,052	\$ 167,339
Selling, general and administrative expenses		
Employee costs	\$ 5,353	\$ 5,955
General expenses	2,017	1,954
	7,370	7,909
Allowance for doubtful accounts expense (recovery)	2,500	(34)
Depreciation	306	348
Share-based compensation	(588)	620
Total selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 9,588	\$ 8,843

NOTE 13 – FINANCE COSTS

Three months ended March 31,	2020		2019	
Interest on loans and borrowings	\$	3,808	\$	2,667
Interest on lease obligations		271		245
Interest income		8		(14)
Accretion of deferred financing charges		323		270
Other		50		85
Total finance costs	\$	4,460	\$	3,253

NOTE 14 – FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Accounting classifications and fair values

Cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables, and loans and borrowings are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost. The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, and trade and other payables approximate their fair value due to the relatively short periods to maturity of the instruments. Loans and borrowings utilize floating rates and therefore fair market value approximates carrying value. The Company classifies its financial instruments measured at fair value according to the following hierarchy based on the amount of observable inputs used to value the instrument. Assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment and may affect the placement within the fair value hierarchy.

- Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 - Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

Foreign exchange forward contracts are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss. Changes in fair value are recognized as they arise and are determined using quoted forward exchange rates at the reporting date (level 2). During the first quarter of 2020, there were no transfers between levels in the fair value hierarchy.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial asset will not discharge its obligations, resulting in a financial loss to the Company. The majority of the Company's accounts receivable are with clients in the oil and natural gas industry and are subject to normal industry credit risks that include the ability to secure adequate debt or equity financing. During the three months ended March 31, 2020, global events have, and are expected to continue to have a significant impact on client credit risk (see Note 1 – NOVEL Coronavirus – COVID 19 and Note 2 – Future Operations). These factors have been incorporated in the Company's assessment of expected credit losses at March 31, 2020. The Company's clients are subject to an internal credit review, together with ongoing monitoring of the amount and age of balances in order to minimize the risk of non-payment. The Company has under taken additional procedures including but not limited to reviewing and updating all client credit limits, monitoring client payment patterns for deviations from normal course and applying liens where required.

The carrying amount of accounts receivable reflects the maximum credit exposure on this balance and management's assessment of the credit risk associated with its clients. The Company's objective is to minimize credit losses.

The Company's aged trade and other receivables are as follows:

As at		March 31, 2020		December 31, 2019
Current (0 to 30 days from invoice date)	\$	93,672	\$	63,698
31 - 60 days		34,038		21,585
61 - 90 days		7,466		12,442
91+ days		13,042		9,297
Receivables from trade clients		148,218		107,022
Other amounts		1,129		1,334
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(5,956)		(3,633)
Total trade and other receivables	\$	143,391	\$	104,723

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will be unable to fulfill its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. The Company's objective in managing liquidity risk is to maintain sufficient available resources to meet its liquidity requirements at any point. The Company achieves this by managing its capital spending and maintaining sufficient funds for anticipated short-term spending in the cash and cash equivalents account. See Note 8 for commitments.

The expected timing of cash outflows relating to financial liabilities on the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position as at March 31, 2020 are:

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Thereafter	Total
Lease obligations ⁽¹⁾	\$ 8,463	\$ 6,937	\$ 3,050	\$ 1,964	\$ 1,201	\$ 428	\$ 22,043
Trade and other payables	107,507	-	-	-	-	-	107,507
Income tax payable	435	-	-	-	-	-	435
Loans and borrowings ⁽²⁾	11,510	15,277	275,038	-	-	-	301,825
	\$ 127,915	\$ 22,214	\$ 278,088	\$ 1,964	\$ 1,201	\$ 428	\$ 431,810

1) Includes interest portion of lease obligations.

2) Includes estimated interest and principle repayments, based on current amounts outstanding and current interest rates at March 31, 2020. Both are variable in nature.

The Company anticipates that its cash on hand, trade accounts receivable and cash provided by operating activities, will be adequate to satisfy its liquidity requirements over the next twelve months. Total cash plus trade and other receivable exceeds the obligations in the table above as well as operating and capital commitments.

The Company has remaining capacity on its Credit Facilities of \$81.7 million and has undertaken steps to reduce overall spend. Reductions in clients' cash flow or difficulty in their ability to source debt or equity also could negatively impact the Company's assessment of liquidity risk. See Note 1 – NOVEL Coronavirus – COVID 19 and Note 2 – Future Operations.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of financial assets or liabilities will fluctuate due to movements in market rates. Market risk is comprised of interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risks which consist primarily of fluctuations in commodity prices.

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES AND PROVISIONS

Litigation

Periodically, the Company may become involved in, named as a party to, or be the subject of various legal proceedings which are usually related to normal operational or labor issues. The results of such legal proceedings or related matters cannot be determined with certainty. The Company's assessment of the likely outcome of such matters is based on input from the internal examination of the facts of the case and advice from external legal advisors, which is based on their judgment of a number of factors including the applicable legal framework and precedents, relevant financial and operational information, and other evidence and facts specific to the matter as known at the time of the assessment.

In January 2017, Calfrac Well Services Ltd. ("Calfrac") filed a statement of claim in the Judicial District of Calgary in the Court of Queen's Bench against the Company and an employee of the Company seeking \$10.0 million in damages among other relief. Calfrac alleges that the employee, who is a former employee of Calfrac, misappropriated certain competitively sensitive materials from Calfrac. Calfrac further alleges that STEP benefited or made use of such materials, resulting in damages to Calfrac. STEP is presently investigating the claim and at this time intends to contest allegations made in the claim. While management does not believe that this action will have a material adverse effect on the business or financial condition of the Company, no assurance can be given as to the final outcome of this or any other legal proceeding. If this claim, or any claims to which the Company may be subject in the future, were to be concluded in a manner adverse to the Company or if the Company elects to settle one or more of such claims, it could have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

NOTE 16 – OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Company's services are conducted by the Canadian Operations and the U.S. Operations segments. The results of each operating segment are summarized below. Transactions between the segments are recorded at fair value and have been eliminated upon consolidation.

Segmented operating results and activity

Three months ended March 31, 2020	Canadian Operations	U.S. Operations	Corporate	Total
Revenue				
Fracturing	\$ 83,551	\$ 60,442	\$ -	\$ 143,993
Coiled tubing	25,199	25,177	-	50,376
Total revenue	108,750	85,619	-	194,369
Expenses				
Operating expenses	100,504	86,915	633	188,052
Selling, general and administrative	2,024	2,488	5,076	9,588
Results from operating activities	6,222	(3,784)	(5,709)	(3,271)
Finance costs	-	-	4,460	4,460
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	2,655	(38)	-	2,617
(Gain) loss on disposal of property and equipment	(860)	30	-	(830)
Amortization of intangible assets	10	118	-	128
Impairment of property and equipment	58,750	-	-	58,750
Income (loss) before income tax	\$ (54,333)	\$ (3,894)	\$ (10,169)	\$ (68,396)
Capital expenditures ⁽¹⁾	\$ 5,112	\$ 9,908	\$ -	\$ 15,020
Total assets as at March 31, 2020	\$ 337,977	\$ 358,052	\$ 1,563	\$ 697,592
Total liabilities as at March 31, 2020	\$ 324,407	\$ 80,925	\$ -	\$ 405,332

Three months ended March 31, 2019	Canadian Operations	U.S. Operations	Corporate	Total
Revenue				
Fracturing	\$ 82,352	\$ 40,234	\$ -	\$ 122,586
Coiled tubing	25,874	28,009	-	53,883
Total revenue	108,226	68,243	-	176,469
Expenses				
Operating expenses	95,191	71,520	628	167,339
Selling, general and administrative	2,296	2,149	4,398	8,843
Results from operating activities	10,739	(5,426)	(5,026)	287
Finance costs	-	-	3,253	3,253
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	(1,264)	(1)	-	(1,265)
(Gain) loss on disposal of property and equipment	(603)	(69)	-	(672)
Amortization of intangible assets	9	1,765	-	1,774
Loss on foreign exchange forward contracts	-	-	383	383
Income (loss) before income tax	\$ 12,597	\$ (7,121)	\$ (8,662)	\$ (3,186)
Capital expenditures ⁽¹⁾	\$ 11,605	\$ 7,207	\$ -	\$ 18,812
Total assets as at December 31, 2019	\$ 371,496	\$ 312,184	\$ 2,359	\$ 686,039
Total liabilities as at December 31, 2019	\$ 308,313	\$ 54,903	\$ -	\$ 363,216

1) Capital expenditures include non-cash expenditures from the addition of leased right-of-use assets.

NOTE 17 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On April 8, 2020 the U.S. Department of the Treasury and the Internal Revenue Service published final regulations addressing "anti-hybrid" rules under section 267A of the U.S. tax code. Pursuant to these regulations, the Company will no longer be entitled to certain tax benefits previously recognized during the period ended March 31, 2020 and for the year ended December 31, 2019. An increase to the deferred income tax liability in the amount of approximately \$7.0 million will be recorded in the second quarter of 2020.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Management

Regan Davis

President and Chief Executive Officer

Michael Kelly

Executive Vice-President and Chief Financial Officer

Steve Glanville

Vice-President, Operations and Chief Operating Officer

Rory Thompson

President, Canadian Operations

Brock Duhon

President, United States Operations

Lori McLeod-Hill

Vice-President, Finance

Directors

Douglas Freel ⁽¹⁾

Evelyn Angelle ⁽²⁾

Regan Davis ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾

Jeremy Gackle ⁽²⁾⁽⁵⁾

Donna Garbutt ⁽⁶⁾⁽⁷⁾

James Harbilas ⁽⁸⁾⁽⁹⁾

Jason Skehar ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁹⁾

1. Chair of the Board
2. Member of the Audit Committee
3. President and Chief Executive Officer
4. Member of the Health, Safety and Environment Committee
5. Chair of the Compensation and Corporate Governance Committee
6. Lead Director
7. Chair of the Health, Safety and Environment Committee
8. Chair of the Audit Committee
9. Member of the Compensation and Corporate Governance Committee

Corporate office

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Registered office

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Website

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Trustee and transfer agent

TSX Trust Company

Calgary, Alberta and Toronto, Ontario

Bank

ATB Corporate Financial Services

Auditors

KPMG LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

Calgary, Alberta

Legal Counsel

Stikeman Elliott LLP

Stock Symbol

“STEP”

Toronto Stock Exchange